## SAFETY DATA SHEET



In accordance with 1907/2006 annex II and 1272/2008 (All references to EU regulations and directives are abbreviated into only the numeric term) Revision date 2025-04-23 Replaces SDS issued 2025-01-16 Version number 6.0

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Trade name Ceramic Light

UFI: RWVR-E64A-C00U-T5AK

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Paint or varnish

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Ditec International AB

Dragrännan 2 746 50 Bålsta Sweden

Telephone +46 10 344 74 50

E-mail info@ditecinternational.com

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Phone number for emergencies: 999 or 112. The numbers are available 24/7.

#### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Asp. tox. 1, H304 (See section 16)

#### 2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictogram



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

Precautionary statements

P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting

P501 Dispose of contents and container to authorised waste disposal facility

#### Supplemental hazard information

Contains: WHITE MINERAL OIL

### 2.3. Other hazards

Not indicated.

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## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Note that the table shows known hazards of the ingredients in pure form. These hazards are reduced or eliminated when mixed or diluted, see Section 16d.

Constituent	Classification	Concentration		
WHITE MINERAL OIL				
CAS No: 8042-47-5 EC No: 232-455-8 REACH: 01-2119487078-27	Asp. tox. 1; H304	20 - 40 %		

Explanations to the classification and labelling of the ingredients are given in Section 16e. Official abbreviations are printed in normal font. Text in italics are specifications and/or complements used in the calculation of the classification of this mixture, see Section 16b.

#### SECTION 4: First aid measures

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### Generally

In case of concern, or if symptoms occur, call a doctor/physician.

Never attempt to administer liquid, or anything else, to an unconscious person via the mouth.

#### Upon breathing in

Bring the injured person out into fresh air. Give artificial respiration if breathing has stopped. If breathing is difficult let trained personnel administer oxygen. Let the injured person rest in a warm place with fresh air and seek medical advice immediately.

#### Upon eye contact

Rinse the eye for several minutes with lukewarm water. If irritation persists call a doctor/ophthalmologist.

#### **Upon skin contact**

Remove contaminated clothing.

Wash the skin with soap and water.

If symptoms occur, contact a physician.

### **Upon ingestion**

Rinse mouth out thoroughly first with water, then SPIT OUT the rinse water. Drink at least half a litre of water and seek medical advice. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.

## **4.2.** Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed Generally

Note that the symptoms may be delayed.

#### Upon breathing in

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

#### Upon eye contact

Irritation may occur.

#### **Upon skin contact**

Irritation may occur.

#### **Upon ingestion**

Indisposition and vomiting if swallowed.

Risk of aspiration, resulting in chemical pneumonitis.

### $\textbf{4.3.} \ \textbf{Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed}$

Symptomatic treatment.

Upon contact with a doctor, make sure to have the label or this safety data sheet with you.

Symptoms of poisoning may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

#### Recommended extinguishing agents

Extinguish with water mist, powder, carbon dioxide or alcoholresistant foam.

#### Unsuitable extinguishing agents

May not be extinguished with water dispersed under high pressure.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Produces fumes containing harmful gases (carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide) when burning.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective measures to be taken with regard to other materials at the scene of the fire.

In case of fire use proper breathing apparatus.

Wear full protective clothing.

Cool closed containers that were exposed to fire with water.

Contain and collect extinguishing liquid.

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep unauthorized and unprotected people at a safe distance.

Avoid inhalation and exposure to skin and eyes.

Ensure good ventilation.

Use recommended safety equipment, see section 8.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to drains, soil or watercourses.

Please contact involved authorities if unintended release occurs.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Absorb the liquid with an inert absorbent, vermiculite, for example. Collect the material for disposal at a waste disposal facility.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See section 8 and 13 for personal protection equipment and disposal considerations.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Take the necessary preventive and protective measures for safe handling.

Avoid inhalation and contact with skin and eyes.

Work in order to avoid spillage. If spillage does occur, address it immediately in accordance with the directions specified in Section 6 of this safety data sheet.

Store this product separately from food items and keep it out of the reach of children and pets.

Do not eat, drink or smoke in premises where this product is handled.

Wash your hands after using the product.

Remove contaminated clothing.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Keep away from incompatible products.

Use recommended safety equipment, see section 8.

Implement appropriate engineering controls if necessary, see Section 8.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

The product should be stored in a manner which prevents hazards to health and the environment. Avoid exposure to humans and animals and do not discharge the product in a sensitive environment.

Take the necessary preventive and protective measures for safe storage.

Keep out of reach for children.

To be stored away from food and animal fodder and away from devices or surfaces that are in contact with those items. Store tightly, in original packaging.

Always use sealed and visibly labeled packages.

Store in dry and cool area.

Do not store in direct sunlight.

Store in a ventilated space.

Avoid open fire, hot items, sparks or other ignition sources.

Do not store close to incompatible materials (see section 10.5).

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

See identified uses in Section 1.2.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

#### 8.1.1. National limit values

All ingredients (cf. Section 3) lack occupational exposure limit values.

#### DNEL

#### WHITE MINERAL OIL

	Type of exposure	Route of exposure	Value
Consumer	Chronic Systemic	Inhalation	34.78 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Worker	Chronic Systemic	Dermal	220 mg/kg
Worker	Chronic Systemic	Inhalation	160 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Consumer	Chronic Systemic	Oral	25 mg/kg bw
Consumer	Chronic Systemic	Dermal	93.02 mg/kg bw

#### **PNEC**

No data available.

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

The risks posed by the product or its constituents must be considered in the task specific risk assessment, in accordance with current working environment legislation. The risk assessment should be reviewed regularly and updated if necessary.

#### 8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls

The ventilation in the workplace must ensure an air quality that meets the requirements of the current working environment legislation. Local exhaust ventilation should be used to remove airborne contaminants at the source.

#### Eye/face protection

Eye protection according to standard EN166 should be worn if there is any danger of direct exposure or splashing.

#### Skin protection

Wear suitable protective clothing when necessary.

Use protective gloves fulfilling the standard EN374 if there is a risk of direct contact.

During continuous contact use gloves with a minimum breakthrough time of at least 240 minutes, preferably over 480 minutes.

The most suitable protective glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier, taking into account the risk assessment for the specific task and the properties of the chemicals involved. Note that the breakthrough time of the material is affected by the duration of the exposure, temperature conditions, abrasion, etcetera.

#### **Respiratory protection**

Use appropriate respiratory protective equipment in case of insufficient ventilation.

The most appropriate respiratory protective equipment should be decided in consultation with the appointed safety representative, taking into account the risk assessment for the specific task.

Based on the physical and chemical properties of the product, the following filter type(s) and/or filter combination(s) are recommended:.

lianid

Not indicated

- A/P2.

(a) Physical state

#### 8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

For limiting environmental exposure, see section 12.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

(a) Flysical state	nquia	
	Form: liquid	
(b) Colour	colourless	
(c) Odour	weak smell	
(d) Melting point/freezing point	Not indicated	
(e) Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	Not indicated	
(f) Flammability	Not indicated	
(g) Lower and upper explosion limit	Not indicated	
(h) Flash point	110 °C	
(i) Auto-ignition temperature	Not indicated	
(j) Decomposition temperature	Not indicated	
(k) pH	Not indicated	
(l) Kinematic viscosity	$<100 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s} (40^{\circ}\text{C})$	
(m) Solubility	Solubility in water: Insoluble	
(n) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)	Not indicated	
(o) Vapour pressure	Not indicated	
(p) Density and/or relative density	1.03	
(q) Relative vapour density	Not indicated	

#### 9.2. Other information

#### 9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Not indicated

#### 9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

(r) Particle characteristics

Not indicated

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1. Reactivity

The product contains no substances which can lead to hazardous reactions at normal use.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable at normal storage and handling conditions.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reactions known during normal use.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks and open flames.

Protect from direct sunlight.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Avoid contact with strong acids, bases and oxidizers.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

No information is available.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

#### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Information on possible health hazards are based on experience and / or toxicological properties of several components in the product.

If vomiting there is a risk of the product entering the lungs, which subsequently may cause chemical lung inflammation.

#### Acute toxicity

The product is not classified as acutely toxic.

#### WHITE MINERAL OIL

LD50 rabbit 24h: > 2000 mg/kg Dermally

LD50 rat 4h: > 5000 mg/kg Dermally

LC50 rat 4h: > 5 mg/L Inhalation

LD50 rat 24h: > 5000 mg/kg Orally

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

The product is not classified for skin corrosion/irritation.

#### Serious eye damage/irritation

The product is not classified for serious eye damage/eye irritation.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

The product is not classified as sensitising.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

The product is not classified as mutagen.

#### Carcinogenicity

The product is not classified as carcinogenic.

#### Reproductive toxicity

The product is not classified as a reproductive toxicant.

#### STOT-single exposure

The product is not classified for specific organ toxicity after single exposure.

#### STOT-repeated exposure

The product is not classified for specific organ toxicity after repeated exposure.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

The product may be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Monitor aspiration risk if vomiting occurs.

#### 11.2. Information on other hazards

#### 11.2.1. Endocrine disrupting properties

No information is available.

#### 11.2.2. Other information

Not indicated.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

#### 12.1. Toxicity

The product is not to be labelled as a environmental hazard. However, it is not inconceivable that large emissions, or repeated small emissions, can have a harmful effect on the environment.

Prevent release on land, in water and drains.

#### WHITE MINERAL OIL

EC50 Freshwater water flea (Daphnia magna) 48 h: > 1000 mg/l

LC50 Fish 96h: > 1000 mg/l

IC50 Algae 72h: > 1000 mg/l

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

No information is available.

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No information is available.

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No information is available.

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No information is available.

#### 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No information is available.

#### 12.7. Other adverse effects

No information is available.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

#### Waste handling of the product

Avoid discharge into sewers.

Discarded products must be disposed of as hazardous waste in accordance with regulations.

Not completely emptied packaging can contain remnants of dangerous substances and should therefore be handled as hazardous waste according to the above. Completely emptied packaging can be recycled.

See directive 2008/98/EC on waste. Observe national or regional provisions on waste management.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

Where not otherwise stated the information applies to all of the UN Model Regulations, i.e. ADR (road), RID (railway), ADN (inland waterways), IMDG (sea), and ICAO (IATA) (air).

#### 14.1. UN number or ID number

Not classified as dangerous goods

#### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not applicable

#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Not applicable

#### 14.4. Packing group

Not applicable

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Not applicable

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable

#### 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable

#### 14.8 Other transport information

Not applicable

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Not indicated.

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Assessment and chemical safety report in accordance with 1907/2006 Annex I has not yet been performed.

#### SECTION 16: Other information

## 16a. Indication of where changes have been made to the previous version of the safety data sheet Revisions of this document

Earlier versions

2025-01-16 Changes in section(s) 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13.

### 16b. Legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

#### Full texts for Hazard Class and Category Code mentioned in section 3

Asp. tox. 1 Aspiration hazard, Hazard Category 1 - Asp. tox. 1, H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

#### **Explanations of the abbreviations in Section 14**

ADR European Agreement concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road

RID Regulations concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail

IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

ICAO International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO, 999 University Street, Montreal, Quebec H3C 5H7, Canada)

IATA The International Air Transport Association

## 16c. Key literature references and sources for data Sources for data

Primary data for the calculation of the hazards has preferentially been taken from the official European classification list, 1272/2008 Annex I, as updated to 2025-04-23.

Where such data was not available, alternative documentation used to establish the official classification was used, e.g. IUCLID (International Uniform Chemical Information Database). As a second alternative, information was used from reputable international chemical industries, and as a third alternative other available information was used, e.g. material safety data sheets from other suppliers or information from non-profit associations, where reliability of the source was assessed by expert opinion. If, in spite of this, reliable information could not be sourced, the hazards were assessed by expert opinions based on the known hazards of similar substances, and according to the principles in 1907/2006 and 1272/2008.

#### Full texts for Regulations mentioned in this Safety Data Sheet

1907/2006 REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC

1272/2008 REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

2008/98/EC DIRECTIVE 2008/98/EC OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 19 November 2008 on waste and repealing certain Directives

## 16d. Methods of evaluating information referred to in 1272/2008 Article 9 which was used for the purpose of classification

Hazard calculation for this mixture has been performed as a cumulative assessment with the aid of expert assessments in accordance with 1272/2008 Annex I , where all available information which may be significant to establishing the hazards of the mixture was assessed together, and in accordance with 1907/2006 Annex XI .

## 16e. List of relevant hazard statements and/or precautionary statements Full texts for hazard statements mentioned in section 3

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

## 16f. Advice on any training appropriate for workers to ensure protection of human health and the environment Warning for misuse

This product can cause harm if used improperly. The manufacturer, the distributor or the supplier are not responsible for adverse effects if the product is not handled in accordance with its intended use.

#### Other relevant information

Not indicated

#### **Editorial information**



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